


ЕГЭ по английскому языку 02.04.2018. Досрочная волна

При выполнении заданий с кратким ответом впишите в поле для ответа цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа, или число, слово, последовательность букв (слов) или цифр. Ответ следует записывать без пробелов и каких-либо дополнительных символов. Так как на экзамене распознавание апострофа в бланках ответов будет затруднено, записывайте ответ в полной форме, например: donotknow, вместо don'tknow.

Если вариант задан учителем, вы можете вписать или загрузить в систему ответы к заданиям с развернутым ответом. Учитель увидит результаты выполнения заданий с кратким ответом и сможет оценить загруженные ответы к заданиям с развернутым ответом. Выставленные учителем баллы отобразятся в вашей статистике.

1. Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A–F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–7. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

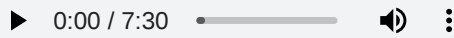
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1. Dogs may turn out to be better friends than people.
2. People love dogs because they look pretty.
3. Dogs don't love people as much as you may think.
4. It's not a good idea to have a dog as a pet.
5. Dogs are good pets because they are clever.
6. There are many advantages of having a dog.
7. People love dogs because dogs are faithful.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

2. Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведенных утверждений **A–G** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 — True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 — False**) и о чем в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 — Not stated**). Запишите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

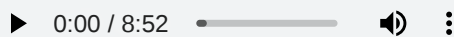


- A. The tourist has never been to Russia.
- B. The tourist wants to see both Moscow and Saint Petersburg.
- C. The tourist loves evening excursions.
- D. The manager thinks Saint Basil's Cathedral isn't worth seeing.
- E. The tourist will have some time for shopping in Moscow.
- F. The tourist hopes to visit a show in the State Kremlin Palace.
- G. The tourist wants to buy a tour straight away.

Запишите в ответ цифры, расположив их в порядке, соответствующем буквам:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

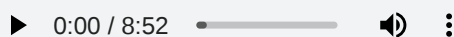
3. Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



What does Jessica say about the reaction to her new album?

- 1. Some people thought she's shallow.
- 2. It was really upsetting for her.
- 3. She got more criticisms than compliments.

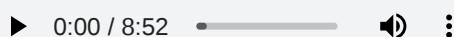
4. Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



What kind of person does Jessica appear to be?

- 1. Self-confident.
- 2. Modest.
- 3. Unhappy.

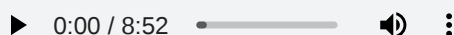
5. Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



What does Jessica say about her work on the lyrics?

1. She works on them in the studio.
2. She prefers to invite co-writers.
3. She usually works on them at the end.

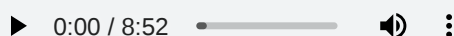
6. Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



Jessica prefers the working process to be...

1. ...spontaneous.
2. ...creative.
3. ...regulated.

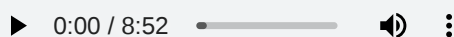
7. Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



What is Jessica's attitude to live performances?

1. She rather likes them.
2. They scare her.
3. She prefers studio work to them.

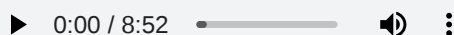
8. Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



Which of the following is TRUE about Jessica's London show?

1. She had expected a bigger crowd.
2. She was its main artist.
3. She played all the old hits there.

9. Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



What kind of shows does Jessica dislike?

1. Small shows.
2. Support shows.
3. Solo shows.

10. Установите соответствие между текстами А–Г и заголовками 1–8. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**. В задании **один заголовок лишний**.

1. Fun in theory, boring in reality.
2. Saving rare animals.
3. Deficit of activity problems.
4. Ready to help.
5. Similar sounds — different emotions.
6. Benefits of being outdoors.
7. Contrary to popular belief.
8. Original style.

A. In addition to being highly intelligent, elephants are capable of a remarkable amount of empathy. During a natural disaster, elephants are able to understand that something dangerous is happening. They can understand that a person is in trouble and that the situation is unsafe. Elephants have good sense of smell and there have been cases when they alerted rescuers to people trapped in a building. Elephants have been observed saving their young from drowning and also been filmed trying to save people they see at risk of drowning.

B. A lot of studies suggest that green spaces enhance mental health and learning capacity, both immediately and over time, by lowering stress levels and restoring attention. Greenery restores attention by drawing the eye and at the same time calms the nervous system, creating an ideal state for learning. Similarly, studies show that spending time in the sunlight can reduce attention deficit symptoms, while bright light first thing in the morning can improve mood and the quality of sleep.

C. Why are hyenas known for laughing? There is even a phrase we use: "to laugh like a hyena". Zoologists will tell you that the unique sounds they make are actually no laughing matter. Hyenas indeed make loud barking noises that sound like laughter, but it's not because they're amused by anything. Instead, a hyena's "laughter" is actually a form of communication used to convey frustration, excitement, or fear. Most often, you'll hear this unique vocalization during a hunt or when the animals are feeding on prey as a group.

D. Zoologists believe that boredom isn't a uniquely human emotion — animals can be bored, too. Animals which live in captivity (in zoos, for example) and don't have to take care of their survival may experience boredom and try to find ways to overcome it. They may come up with some "creative" activities which they wouldn't normally do in their natural environment. As for the pets at home, they may also suffer from the lack of stimulation. That's why we need to make sure we give them enough time, attention and toys regularly.

E. While most dogs jump eagerly into the water to swim, cats don't usually do that, and many believe that cats have a phobia of water. But some pet groomers insist that it's not true and getting a cat to trust you enough to bathe is quite possible, with some patience and skill. Most cats are not afraid of water like so many people may think. They are actually afraid of loud noises and of drowning, rather than water itself. Cats drink water every day, lots of cats even play with water or follow people into the shower.

F. Videogame testers spend most of their time testing the game long before it's finished and long before it starts to become a fun experience. Even after the game is developed enough to start being fun, the testing tasks often aren't entertaining at all. Testers may have to walk their character around a forest, for example, to look for trees that aren't drawn well. They then record the coordinates so an artist can fix them later. It's monotonous work and can take days to finish. So if testing video games seems like a fun, easy job to you, think again.

G. Claude Monet's impressionist paintings were all about nature. In his works he tried to capture nature as it appeared to him at the moment. He also experimented with light and shadow and how they changed during different times of the day. Some artists of the time criticized Monet because his works lacked detail and didn't resemble finished paintings. Monet used strong colours, which he did not mix. He painted them onto the canvas in short brush strokes. He was also criticized for not using classical painting techniques.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Заголовок							

11. Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 — лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

Unique nature of Kamchatka

Kamchatka is a peninsula located in the north-eastern part of Russia. It is surrounded with the Okhotskoye Sea, the Beringovo Sea and the Pacific Ocean. This region has a very unique environment A _____ one is looking for picturesque views, unforgettable travels and unity with nature.

Kamchatka is famous for its volcanoes, B _____. Volcanoes are represented on Petropavlovsk-Kamchatsky, the most eastern city in the northern hemisphere, coat of arms as well. There are more than 300 volcanoes in Kamchatka, from 28 up to 36 of them are active, or potentially active. Kamchatka volcanoes are included in the list of the UNESCO World Heritage Sites.

The region is also known C _____ — rivers and lakes. Many Kamchatka rivers spring from mountain tops and glaciers, that is why they are very clean, and it is wonderful for those D _____. In general, there are up to 14 thousand rivers and streams, 100 thousand lakes and 414 glaciers in Kamchatka.

Kamchatka is a home to the Valley of Geysers, E _____ geysers in the world, after Icelandic geyser fields. It is not easily accessible, as long as it is too unique to be opened for tourists all the time. The Valley of Geysers’ ecosystem is very vulnerable, F _____ and regulate the visiting. In fact, the larger part of Kamchatka is preserved. There are many nature reserves and nature parks in Kamchatka.

1. which are depicted on most souvenirs there
2. so it is necessary to monitor it all the time
3. who love fishing, including Kamchatka bears
4. which has the second largest concentration of
5. to be a place of many water sources
6. to be a popular nature reserve and health resort
7. that makes it a place to visit when

Пропуск	A	B	C	D	E	F
Часть предложения						

How to turn failure to success

A lot of authors speak about how true success is overcoming the fear of being unsuccessful. But that is easier said than done. We all face situations where we fail and it feels like everything is going wrong. That coveted job interview that does not result in a call back, that amazing person who doesn't reciprocate romantic interest, that close friend who is not keen on hanging out anymore feature in all of our lives. Somewhere these experiences chip away at one's sense of self, slowly eroding our self-worth.

Carrie Fisher, who had immortalised Princess Leia in Star Wars, had said it beautifully, "take your broken heart and make it into art". That is exactly what 18-year-old Londoner Claudia did. She had received a rejection letter from Oxford, like many other students, in response to her application for a Classics course. However, she was not dejected by it. By the time her mother got home from work,

Claudia had cut up the letter and transformed it into a beautiful piece of art.

When her mum posted Claudia's art on Twitter, it touched a chord among thousands and went viral in a matter of days, having been liked and retweeted more than two hundred thousand times.

Claudia explained her motivations in such a way: "I just thought I had this letter, it's not often that you get a letter dedicated to you from Oxford. So, I thought it would be funny if I made it into something." The letter is pretty much summarised in the phrases stuck into the painting: delivering the news, apologising, wishing her well.

She created the painting very quickly, explaining, "I suppose some of my feelings about the letter went into the artwork. Obviously I didn't know it would go viral as I painted it for myself — but I think the message that it's associated with now is that Oxbridge doesn't determine your worth as a person, and I love that." A lot of people are saying Oxford should now take Claudia on an art course but that's not really how it works.

She is joining another premier institution — Durham university — soon, leaving behind her brief disappointment from Oxford as she embarks on the new phase of her life. However, there are life lessons that this young girl can teach us on how to cope with rejection.

It always feels a bit hurtful to be rejected, but when you can turn your disappointment into art, it helps you to move on. After all, closed doors hide open ones. It's impossible that things go well all the time. Even for those who seem super successful, there are still low points and adverse situations they have had to tackle. But brooding over what did not work out will only lead to missing out newer opportunities. Success and failure can truly be understood only in retrospect. What seems like heart-breaking rejection might turn out to be the start of the best thing ever to happen to you in another five years.

Letting go is important but what is even more important is letting go beautifully. As the proverb goes — "In the end, only three things matter: how much you loved, how gently you lived, and how gracefully you let go of things not meant for you".

Failure is a part of life. You can call it whatever you want — a setback, an emotional let down, a breakup, a loss, but part of the reason why the experience is so painful is because at some level you feel you failed. The solution here is being open to the bigger lessons of life. After all, learning a new way to see situations can be the very key to your next success.

12. According to the article, disappointing experiences could result in...

1. ...a broken heart.
2. ...a deserved success.
3. ...a lack of confidence.
4. ...coping with one's fears.

13. To deal with her failure, Claudia...

1. ...tried to express her feelings creatively.
2. ...took art therapy session online.
3. ...destroyed the rejection letter.
4. ...applied to Oxford once again.

14. The phrase *"touched a chord"* in paragraph 3 is close in meaning to...

1. ...evoked compassion.
2. ...agitated.
3. ...was reposted in media.
4. ...instilled hope.

15. In her own words, Claudia used the letter for a piece of art because she...

1. ...was overfilled with emotions.
2. ...believed it was a good idea.
3. ...wanted to remember the event.
4. ...thought the letter was funny.

16. Claudia's work has come to mean that...

1. ...a university does not define your value.
2. ...Oxford and Cambridge are not for anyone.
3. ...when you fail always hope for the best.
4. ...people should love themselves as they are.

17. Which of the following, according to the article, is NOT the lesson Claudia's case can teach us?

1. All happens for the best.
2. Keep your face.
3. Failure is natural.
4. Love and be loved.

18. What is the main idea expressed in the last paragraph?

1. Try to find a solution to any problem.
2. Failure is painful unless you share it with somebody.
3. There are a lot of different kinds of failures.
4. Take every disappointment as a learning experience.

19. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **INTRODUCE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Antiseptics

We cannot imagine our life without antiseptics. This invention _____ in 1850 by a Hungarian physician.

20. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **ONE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

He was the _____ prominent doctor to make a strong link between the use of antiseptics and improving survival rates of wounded people.

21. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **BECOME** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

His work was taken up by others, such as Joseph Lister, who _____ a pioneer of antiseptic surgery.

22. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **BE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Living octopus

In countries which are located near sea coasts, sea food is an important part of national cuisine. Since ancient times, different kinds of fish and seafood _____ staple diets near the coast or near certain rivers and lakes.

23. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **USE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

From Indonesia to India, seafood _____ throughout the region both as foodstuffs and as seasonings.

24. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **NOT WANT** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

It's important to eat seafood fresh as people _____ to risk food poisoning.

25. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **GOOD** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Many people think that exotic seafood dishes are the _____.

26. Образуйте от слова **TOUR** однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Visiting Tasmania

Are you planning a trip to Tasmania? Without a doubt, any _____ will find some things to do there.

27. Образуйте от слова **MEMORY** однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

To begin with, driving up the east coast of Tasmania is one of the most _____ things you can do there.

28. Образуйте от слова **REAL** однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Tasmania's east coast is _____ spectacular and along the way you'll be able to stop for walks along cliff tops and swim in gorgeous beaches.

29. Образуйте от слова **NATION** однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

One more opportunity is to camp out at _____ parks and do other cool activities.

30. Образуйте от слова **ATTRACT** однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.

One of the biggest _____ along the east coast of Tasmania is Freycinet Park, renowned for the stunning

Wineglass Bay and many routes for day walks, bird watching and mountaineering.

31. *Образуйте от слова FORGET однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Besides climbing and hiking, there you can also eat a fresh oyster lunch at the "Freycinet Marine Farm". It will certainly be an _____ experience for you, so don't miss a chance to visit Tasmania.

A special lunch

Dotty came to meet the editor Jerry Green in his London office. He praised her work and 30 _____ to publish her stories in his magazine. After discussing the contract Jerry invited Dotty for lunch. It was her first visit to a big city, so the young lady was really excited.

A shiny black cab stopped next to the beautiful building and Jerry took Dotty into the restaurant. A smart waiter in a black suit took their coats and escorted them to a table by the window.

"Please order 31 _____ you like," Jerry told her as the waiter handed her a menu, and Dotty got lost. She had been 32 _____ up on very plain food and everything on the menu looked so fancy and expensive. Jerry saw her discomfort. 33 _____, he asked after a while if he could order for her. Dotty gratefully agreed. The meal was like nothing she had ever eaten before, and as one delicious course followed another she began to relax a little as she found that Jerry was good company and very easy to talk to. He 34 _____ Dotty of her elder brother.

"Thank you so much for a lovely day and a lovely meal," Dotty said when the lunch was over. She was so full that she was sure she wouldn't be able to eat another thing for at least a month.

"It was my pleasure," he assured her. "I've really enjoyed today. And I hope this will be the start of a long working relationship. I'll be 35 _____ touch soon." Then she 36 _____ goodbye and caught a cab to the railway station. It had been a truly unforgettable day.

32. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Proposed.
2. Provided.
3. Offered.
4. Suggested.

33. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Whenever.
2. Whatever.
3. Wherever.
4. Whoever.

34. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Raised.
2. Grown.
3. Brought.
4. Risen.

35. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Otherwise.
2. However.
3. Although.
4. Therefore.

36. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Remembered.
2. Reminded.
3. Reviewed.
4. Revised.

37. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. By.
2. On.
3. At.
4. In.

38. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Talked.
2. Spoke.
3. Said.
4. Told.

39. You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Molly who writes:

... This year we had an unusually hot summer. What's the weather normally like in summer in Russia? What do you think about spending summer holidays at home?

What is your favourite season, and why?

I'm reading a very interesting book about England in the 16th century ...

Write a letter to Molly.

In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask **3 questions** about the book

Write **100–140 words**.

Remember the rules of letter writing.

40. Выберите только ОДНО из двух предложенных высказываний и выразите свое мнение по предложенной проблеме согласно данному плану.

Comment on one of the following statements.

1. *It is wrong to make pupils read a lot in summer.*
2. *Some people think that you can have only one true friend.*

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement? Write 200–250 words. Use the following plan:

- make an introduction (state the problem)
- express your personal opinion and give 2–3 reasons for your opinion
- express an opposing opinion and give 1–2 reasons for this opposing opinion
- explain why you don't agree with the opposing opinion
- make a conclusion restating your position