

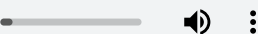
## Демонстрационная версия ЕГЭ—2016 по английскому языку

При выполнении заданий с кратким ответом впишите в поле для ответа цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа, или число, слово, последовательность букв (слов) или цифр. Ответ следует записывать без пробелов и каких-либо дополнительных символов. Так как на экзамене распознавание апострофа в бланках ответов будет затруднено, записывайте ответ в полной форме, например: donotknow, вместо don'tknow.

Если вариант задан учителем, вы можете вписать или загрузить в систему ответы к заданиям с развернутым ответом. Учитель увидит результаты выполнения заданий с кратким ответом и сможет оценить загруженные ответы к заданиям с развернутым ответом. Выставленные учителем баллы отобразятся в вашей статистике.

**1.** *Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A–F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–7. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

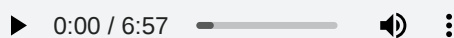
▶ 0:00 / 8:19 

1. Teaching abroad doesn't seem nice to some people.
2. My relative is a role model for me in terms of working abroad.
3. Some countries offer good career opportunities for beginning teachers.
4. Relatives are happy when you decide not to teach abroad.
5. I'm going to spend my gap year teaching English abroad.
6. Teaching as a way to change your life.
7. Don't hesitate to write to the employer if you need the job.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

2. Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведенных утверждений **A–G** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 — True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 — False**) и о чем в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 — Not stated**). Запишите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



- A) Lucy wasn't at school for several days.
- B) Lucy felt bad because of overeating.
- C) Lucy's mother is a doctor.
- D) Peter did exercises with the map of the UK.
- E) Peter is not afraid of the test.
- F) Peter offers his notes to Lucy.
- G) Lucy and Peter are going to review for the test later.

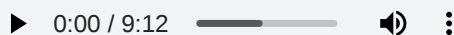
Запишите в ответ цифры, расположив их в порядке, соответствующем буквам:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

- 1. True.
- 2. False.
- 3. Not stated.

3. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



Carl Fox says that he...

- 1. ...likes to travel.
- 2. ...works in a small agency.
- 3. ...wanted to work in a travel agency since he was 10 years old.

4. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

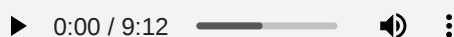


Which of the following is TRUE about Carl Fox's reasons for wanting to work in a travel agency?

- 1. Travelling advantages the job offered.
- 2. His experience of working in resorts abroad.
- 3. His desire to travel to Spain for free.

5. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

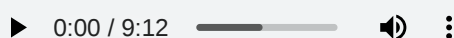


Which of the following is NOT Carl's responsibility?

1. Arranging accommodation.
2. Vaccinating the clients.
3. Offering holiday options.

6. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

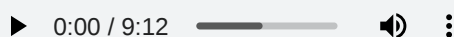


Which of the following is Carl's responsibility if his client is flying?

1. Meeting the client at the airport.
2. Providing the client with a taxi to the airport.
3. Informing the client about weather conditions in place of destination.

7. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

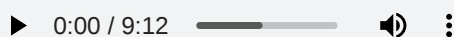


What kind of holiday do modern customers prefer to order nowadays, according to Carl?

1. A package tour.
2. A tour to a place Carl knows personally.
3. A specially designed tour.

8. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

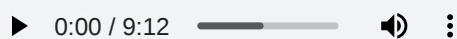


According to Carl, what's the best thing in providing personalized service?

1. Opportunity to learn about new routes.
2. Possibility to arrange a perfect holiday to a customer.
3. Inventing unusual itineraries.

9. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



Carl told a story about his client who...

1. ...wanted him to arrange an important meeting.
2. ...couldn't choose a suitable flight.
3. ...confused the names of two cities.

**10. Установите соответствие между текстами A–G и заголовками 1–8. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.**

1. For information and urgent help.
2. World without buttons.
3. To monitor and treat the disease.
4. A built-in charger.
5. Key under your skin.
6. Big brother is watching you.
7. Disadvantages of tech.
8. Phone always on you.

**A.** Sure, we’re virtually connected to our phones 24/7 now, but what if we could be literally plugged in to our phones? That’s already starting to happen. Last year, for instance, artist Anthony Antonellis had a chip put in his arm that could store and transfer data to his handheld smartphone. And researchers are already experimenting with sensors that turn human bone into living speakers.

**B.** In the future patients will be able to use implantable technologies to diagnose and even treat diseases. Scientists in London are developing swallowable capsule-sized chip that will control fat levels in obese patients and generate genetic material that makes them feel "full". It has potential as an alternative to surgery to handle obesity. Also it can monitor blood-sugar levels for diabetics.

**C.** The U.S. military has programs to identify any person using face scanning device. Some people see it as a doubtless advantage: improved crime fighting, secure elections and never a lost child again. However, such technologies can hammer against social norms and raise privacy issues. And one day there might be a computer to see all, know all and control all.

**D.** One of the challenges for implantable tech is delivering power to devices which are inside human bodies. You can’t plug them in as you do with your phone or computer. You can’t easily take them out to replace a battery. A team in Cambridge is working on specific bio batteries that can generate power inside the body, transfer it wirelessly where needed, and then simply melt away.

**E.** Soon tattoos will not only make you look cool but will be able to perform useful tasks, like opening your car or entering smartphone codes with a fingerprint. Researchers have made an implantable skin fiber thinner than a human hair. Scientists are working on the chip that can be put inside a finger through a tattoo-like process, letting you unlock things or enter codes simply by pointing.

**F.** The British research team is developing pills with microprocessors in them that can text to hospitals directly from inside your body. The pills can share inside info to help doctors know if you are taking your medication properly and if it is having the desired effect. Moreover, in case of emergency, it can send a signal to the computer and the ambulance will come straight away.

**G.** Lately touchscreens are everywhere — from computers, phones, tablets to car systems and vending machines. Even doorbells now include touch screen controls. One has to wonder: are we moving to a world of only touchscreen devices? And the answer is probably yes. We are coming to an age where every flat or even curved surface could be made a touchscreen and we can operate from it.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Заголо- вок							

11. Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

### Visiting the Royal Parks

London has a well-deserved reputation as one of the greenest cities in Europe, with a huge number of open spaces across the center of the city. Tourists A \_\_\_\_\_ can always relax in a lovely, quiet London park.

The Royal Parks, such as St James’s, Green Park, the Regent’s Park, Hyde Park, Richmond, Greenwich, Bushy Park and Kensington Gardens, are beautifully maintained and popular with locals and visitors alike. Many are former hunting estates of English monarchs, preserved as open space B \_\_\_\_\_. They are ideal places to relax and sunbathe in summer, enjoy gorgeous flower beds in spring C \_\_\_\_\_.

The Royal Parks provide fantastic green routes in London D \_\_\_\_\_ and through some of the most attractive areas of the capital. Picnics in the parks are also a popular activity especially during the busy summer months.

Dogs are welcome in all the Royal Parks, although there are some places E \_\_\_\_\_. These are clearly indicated within each park and are usually ecologically sensitive sites, children's play areas, restaurants, cafes and some sports areas. Ground nesting birds are particularly sensitive to disturbance by dogs and people. So it is necessary to observe the warning signs F \_\_\_\_\_. In Bushy Park and Richmond Park dogs should be kept away from the deer.

The Royal Parks are for everyone to enjoy.

1. that are displayed during the nesting season
2. while the city has grown up around them
3. and admire the changing leaves as autumn arrives
4. where they are not allowed or should be kept on a lead
5. who are tired of the noise, crowds and excitement of sightseeing
6. who does not know the route to the place of destination
7. that take cyclists away from traffic

Пропуск	A	B	C	D	E	F
Часть предложения						

## Driverless cars

Driverless cars are expected to be rolling into the streets within the next 20 years. In fact, they've legally been on the roads for the past years, approved for testing purposes. It is predicted that driverless vehicles will be commercially available at a high cost within 7 years, but it may take another 8 years for prices to drop enough to spur mass consumption.

Today, the discussions focus primarily on the shifting of accident liability to manufacturers and all the goodness that comes along with reducing accidents. A truly driverless road would not be accident-free as there would still be a number of accidents caused by mechanical or computer errors, weather conditions, pedestrians and sheer random chance. But it would make the now-routine loss of life on the roads far rarer.

The concept of a "driver" will be replaced with that of an "operator", who simply programs the vehicle's GPS to arrive at the desired destination and pushes the "Start" button to begin the trip. Since judgment will no longer be required of the operator, they won't need a driver's license. Theoretically, a 10-year-old child could independently take the car to school in the morning.

Computer-operated cars will eventually reshape the car design as things like windshields will become less necessary. Drivers will be able to sit wherever they'd like in their cars. There will be no need for gas and brake pedals as speed will be automatically controlled by the computer. The steering wheel and the turn signal arm can also be eliminated once the public gets used to reliability of these vehicles.

Each passenger will have a personal video display informing about a current location, the distance to your destination, speed and personal entertainment selections. The concept of 'distracted driving' will disappear as there will be no reason to pay attention to where you are going.

Vehicle owners will no longer buy collision insurance since manufacturers will be solely responsible for damage. Owners will only need theft insurance and coverage for hail, falling objects or floods. To take this one step further, personal vehicle ownership may dramatically diminish. Car dealers will have lots full of vehicles for hire on a daily or hourly basis instead of vehicles for sale. When you need a car, you'll summon one using your mobile phone. The closest unmanned vehicle will be dispatched to your home to take you where you need to go. When done, you'll simply push the button for the unmanned vehicle to drive itself back to the rental lot.

The social and cultural impact of driverless cars could cause far more upheaval than any of us could imagine. Perhaps, it would be even greater than the impact the Internet had on commerce and communication. Obviously, the picture being painted is the one that assumes total adoption, which is far from realistic. You will always have transitional delays caused by the lack of free cars, the longevity of today's vehicles and cultural resistance.

This resembles the historical factors that affected the transition from horse to the automobile. At the moment, the driverless car seems like a novelty. However, it will open up new prospects. The prospect of flying cars may soon become a reality. With computer-controlled vehicles that strictly follow traffic rules, threedimensional roads become far less scary and more a matter of simply solving the technological challenge.

Where we're going, we may not need roads at all.

**12.** According to the author driverless cars will become cheap enough for most people to buy within the following...

1. ...8 years.
2. ...15 years.
3. ...7 years.
4. ...20 years.

**13.** Which of the following statements is TRUE, according to the text?

1. A driverless car operator won't be responsible for accidents.
2. The age required to operate a driverless car is likely to rise.
3. Driverless cars may increase the number of road accidents.
4. The driverless cars will be voice-activated.

14. To operate a driverless car, their owners will be required to...

1. ...set the destination on the GPS.
2. ...have experience in programming.
3. ...obtain a collision insurance.
4. ...have a special license.

15. Which of the following, according to the author, will a driverless car have?

1. Gas and brake pedals.
2. A steering wheel.
3. Video displays.
4. A turn signal arm.

16. The author claims that with the introduction of driverless cars...

1. ...personal vehicle ownership will increase.
2. ...the number of vehicles on the roads will diminish.
3. ...people will rent vehicles instead of buying them.
4. ...vehicle owners will spend more money on insurance.

17. According to the author, driverless cars will be...

1. ...as important socially as the Internet.
2. ...enthusiastically accepted by the people.
3. ...operated without transitional delays.
4. ...used by people with caution at first.

18. The attitude of the author towards the driverless cars may be described as...

1. ...optimistic.
2. ...negative.
3. ...indifferent.
4. ...unsure.

19. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **MEAN** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

### The name of Alaska

Do you know the origin of the place named Alaska? The name Alaska comes from the Aleut word *alaxsxaq*, \_\_\_\_\_ "object toward which the action of the sea is directed" — that is, the mainland.

20. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **FORM** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

It is also known as Alyeska, the "great land", an Aleut word \_\_\_\_\_ from the same root.

21. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **CONSIDER** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Its nicknames are the Land of the Midnight Sun and America's Last Frontier. Its first nicknames were "Seward's folly" and "Seward's icebox" to laugh at the secretary of state who negotiated the purchase of Alaska from Russia, which \_\_\_\_\_ foolish at the time.

22. *Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово LOCATE так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

### A landmark for the new millennium

Have you seen the photos of the London Eye? The London Eye is a giant observation wheel \_\_\_\_\_ in the Jubilee Gardens on the South Bank of the river Thames.

23. *Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово DESIGN так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

The structure \_\_\_\_\_ by the architectural team of David Marks and Julia Barfield, husband and wife.

24. *Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово WIN так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

They submitted their idea for a large observation wheel as part of a competition to design a landmark for the new millennium. None of the entrants \_\_\_\_\_ the competition.

25. *Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово THEY так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

However, the couple pressed on and eventually got the backing of British Airways, who sponsored \_\_\_\_\_ project.

26. *Образуйте от слова ABSOLUTE однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

### Pronunciation is important

Some learners of English think that pronunciation is not very important. That is \_\_\_\_\_ wrong.

27. *Образуйте от слова EXTEND однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Even if you have an acceptable grasp of the English language, with good grammar and an \_\_\_\_\_ vocabulary, native English speakers may find you very difficult to understand if you don't work on your pronunciation.

28. *Образуйте от слова ESSENCE однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Correct, clear pronunciation is \_\_\_\_\_ if you really want to improve your level of English.

29. *Образуйте от слова FAMILIAR однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Pay particular attention to any sounds that you are \_\_\_\_\_ with or that do not exist in your native tongue.

30. *Образуйте от слова RUSSIA однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

For example, \_\_\_\_\_ have difficulty pronouncing the "th" sound, as it does not exist in their native language.

**31.** *Образуйте от слова GREAT однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Remember that the pronunciation of certain English words varies depending on the part of the world it's spoken in. For example, American English differs \_\_\_\_\_ from British English.

### Mexico City

Mexico City was hot and frantic with Olympic gamesmanship. The hotels were full but, fortunately, Kevin owned a country house just outside the city which we 30 \_\_\_\_\_ our headquarters. The Whites also had their home in Mexico City but they were more often than not at Kevin's private palace.

I must 31 \_\_\_\_\_ that when Kevin decided to move he moved fast. Like a good general, he marshalled his army close to the point of impact; he spent a small fortune on telephone calls and 32 \_\_\_\_\_ in getting all we needed for the expedition in the shortest time possible. I had a fast decision to make, too. My job was a good one and I hated to give it 33 \_\_\_\_\_ unceremoniously, but Kevin was pushing hard. I 34 \_\_\_\_\_ my boss and he was good enough to give me six months' leave of absence. I deceived him in a way, I gave him the right destination but not the real reason for going there. Yet I think that going to Yucatan could be understood as looking 35 \_\_\_\_\_ my father's estate.

Kevin also used resources that only money can buy. The thought of it made me a bit dizzy. Kevin was able to lift a telephone and set a private police force in motion. It made me open my eyes and think again. There was something about Kevin that got at me. Whatever it was, I preferred to keep it bottled up. Will I 36 \_\_\_\_\_ it in the future?

**32.** Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Used.
2. Kept.
3. Did.
4. Made.

**33.** Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Say.
2. Speak.
3. Tell.
4. Talk.

**34.** Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Achieved.
2. Succeeded.
3. Managed.
4. Fulfilled.

**35.** Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. On.
2. In.
3. Up.
4. To.

**36.** Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Glanced.
2. Looked.
3. Watched.
4. Saw.

37. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Down.
2. After.
3. Back.
4. Into.

38. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Apologize.
2. Disappoint.
3. Dissatisfy.
4. Regret.

39. You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Nancy who writes:

*... I hope you liked my New Year card. Where and how did you celebrate New year this time? What was the weather like? What's your secret wish or at least hopes and expectations for the coming year? I've redecorated my room and it looks much nicer now ...*

Write a letter to Nancy.

In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask **3 questions** about the way her room looks now

Write **100–140 words**.

Remember the rules of letter writing.

40. Выберите только ОДНО из двух предложенных высказываний и выразите свое мнение по предложенной проблеме согласно данному плану.

Comment on one of the following statements.

1. *It's not right to be strict with little children.*
2. *It is wrong to make pupils read a lot in summer.*

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement? Write 200–250 words. Use the following plan:

- make an introduction (state the problem)
- express your personal opinion and give 2–3 reasons for your opinion
- express an opposing opinion and give 1–2 reasons for this opposing opinion
- explain why you don't agree with the opposing opinion
- make a conclusion restating your position

41. Imagine that you are preparing a project with your friend. You have found some interesting material for the presentation and you want to read this text to your friend. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, then be ready to read it out aloud. You will not have more than 1.5 minutes to read it.

The mystery of why trees don't stop growing is still unsolved. Human beings usually stop growing sometime during their teens. Many animals reach full growth within a year. Others are fully grown in just a few years. Birds and insects also stop growing at a certain age. But trees keep growing as long as they live. Trees live, grow, and reproduce themselves by an amazing process. The thousands of leaves put forth by the tree breathe for it and manufacture its food. Its root system gathers minerals and vast quantities of water. To carry this water to the leaves, the tree is equipped with an intricate circulation system that extends upward from the millions of root hairs through the trunk and branches. The trunk holds the leaves up to the sunlight, sends them water from the roots, and gets food back from them. Then seeds are borne in flowers or cones.



You are considering starting breakdance lessons and now you'd like to get more information. In 1.5 minutes you are to ask five direct questions to find out about the following:

- 1) tuition fee
- 2) course location
- 3) duration of the course
- 4) special clothes
- 5) evening classes

You have 20 seconds to ask each question.

43. These are photos from your photo album. Choose one photo to describe to your friend.



1



2



3

You will have to start speaking in 1.5 minutes and will speak for not more than 2 minutes (12–15 sentences). In your talk remember to speak about:

- where and when the photo was taken
- what/who is in the photo
- what is happening
- why you keep the photo in your album
- why you decided to show the picture to your friend

You have to talk continuously, starting with:

"I've chosen photo number... "

44. Study the two photographs. In 1.5 minutes be ready to compare and contrast the photographs:

- give a brief description of the photos (action, location)
- say what the pictures have in common
- say in what way the pictures are different
- say which of the activities presented in the pictures you'd prefer
- explain why

You will speak for not more than 2 minutes (12–15 sentences). You have to talk continuously.

**Photo 1**



**Photo 2**

