

ЕГЭ по английскому языку 2022. Досрочная волна.

При выполнении заданий с кратким ответом впишите в поле для ответа цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа, или число, слово, последовательность букв (слов) или цифр. Ответ следует записывать без пробелов и каких-либо дополнительных символов. Так как на экзамене распознавание апострофа в бланках ответов будет затруднено, записывайте ответ в полной форме, например: donotknow, вместо don'tknow.

Если вариант задан учителем, вы можете вписать или загрузить в систему ответы к заданиям с развернутым ответом. Учитель увидит результаты выполнения заданий с кратким ответом и сможет оценить загруженные ответы к заданиям с развернутым ответом. Выставленные учителем баллы отобразятся в вашей статистике.

1. Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A–F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–7. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

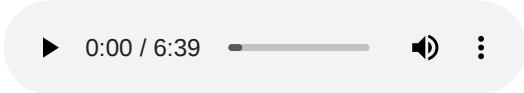


1. Tennis is a pleasure to watch.
2. Tennis is all about competition.
3. You can play tennis your entire life.
4. Tennis is an inexpensive kind of sport.
5. Tennis isn't a violent sport.
6. Tennis is an aggressive male sport.
7. Many nations have good tennis players.

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Говорящий | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| Утверждение | | | | | | |

2. Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведенных утверждений A–G соответствуют содержанию текста (1 — True), какие не соответствуют (2 — False) и о чем в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 — Not stated). Занесите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



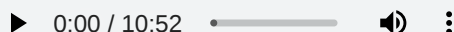
- A. Alice's summer holidays will be over soon.
- B. Alice is going to get paid for her volunteer work.
- C. Alice has visited the Galapagos islands before.
- D. Alice knows some Russian.
- E. Miles thinks going to Russia is a good idea.
- F. Alice is thinking about choosing Italy as one of her destinations.
- G. Alice loves Italian food.

Запишите в ответ цифры, расположив их в порядке, соответствующем буквам:

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| | | | | | | |

3. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

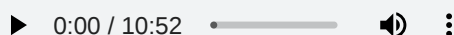


Tom thinks he owes his current good shape to...

1. ...relaxing on weekends.
2. ...eating lots of meat.
3. ...avoiding gluten.

4. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

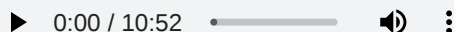


Tom has meals...

1. ...once a day.
2. ...5 or 6 times a day.
3. ...2 or 3 times a day.

5. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

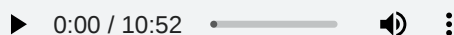


What does Tom say about fast food?

1. He ate more of it when he was young.
2. He thinks it's okay.
3. He never tried it.

6. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

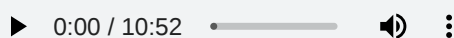


Bodybuilding makes Tom feel...

1. ...happy.
2. ...strong.
3. ...tired.

7. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

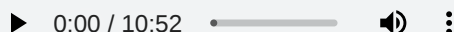


What is the main source of motivation for Tom?

1. Realizing his achievements.
2. Seeing his photos in the media.
3. His childhood memories.

8. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.

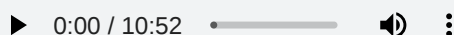


Tom decided to take part in his first competition because he wanted to...

1. ...win the first prize.
2. ...get financial support.
3. ...become world-famous.

9. Вы услышите интервью дважды. Выберите правильный ответ 1, 2 или 3.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



What piece of advice does Tom give to the listeners?

1. Allow yourself skip days when you feel lazy.
2. Try every training routine possible.
3. Don't constantly change your training routine.

10. Установите соответствие между текстами A–G и заголовками 1–8. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**. В задании **один заголовок лишний**.

1. Importance to people.
2. Types of migrating birds.
3. A way of spending free time.
4. Where birds migrate.
5. Behaviour and feeding habits.
6. Causes of bird extinction.
7. Causes of bird migration.
8. Where birds live.

A. Birds are distinguished from all other animals by their feathers. Some types of birds live alone most of the time. Other types are more social. They may sleep, fly, and nest in groups called flocks. Birds use different sounds to communicate with one another. For example, some baby chicks stop moving when their mother produces a danger call. They may also sing to announce that a certain patch of land belongs to them. Many types eat insects. Some water birds catch fish. Many other types eat plant material.

B. Birds are found almost everywhere on Earth. There are more than 10,000 types of birds. All birds have similar features. The loss of a complete bird species may be inevitable because they are too sensitive to rapid changes. Birds living on small islands, or in desert or mountainous regions, can be vulnerable to slight changes in climate, while even minor disruptions of forest habitats can affect the breeding habits and survival of others. In some regions, it is the hunting of birds, for sport or to trade their pelts, that is the greatest threat.

C. Birds have spread throughout all parts of Earth because of their ability to fly. They live in a great variety of habitats, including fields, forests, grasslands, deserts, marshes, islands, and the open ocean. The size of an area and the diversity of the habitats help determine the number of species found in a given area. Many birds migrate, or fly long distances between their winter and summer homes. For example, many European birds travel to Africa for the winter. This helps them find enough food year-round.

D. Every bird when it is seen for the first time brings a thrill of discovery. The spring migration is a fresh wonder every year. The surprise and delight of coming across a rarity and the difficulty of keeping it in view long enough to be sure of what it is help to make bird-watching an endless fascination. Birdwatching is a hobby that can be enjoyed for a lifetime. In bird clubs the membership ranges in age from young children to grandparents. Bird-watching can combine healthy outdoor activity with the pursuit of beauty and knowledge.

E. Some birds never move far from where they were born whereas others migrate and can travel huge distances in the process. Birds migrate from one summer season to the other. Although they take a lot of risk when they migrate, for many of them it significantly improves their chances of survival and allows them to raise more offspring in another region. Birds migrate to move from areas of low or decreasing resources to areas of high or increasing resources.

F. Birds and their eggs have been sources of food for humans since their origin and still are in most societies. With the rise of agriculture, birds became important to farmers. In their constant search for food, wild birds eat huge numbers of insects, weed seeds, and rodents. Insects, weeds, and rodents cut down the amount of food the farmer can harvest from field, garden, and orchard. Many people keep birds as pets. Small finches and parrots are especially popular. Zoological parks are a source of recreation for millions of people each year.

G. Migration is often annual. It is closely linked with the cyclic pattern of the seasons. It is most evident among birds, which have a highly efficient means of traveling swiftly over long distances. The migration of most birds is a yearly cycle. Not all birds migrate. Permanent residents do not migrate. They are able to find adequate supplies of food year-round. Short-distance migrants move only a short distance. Medium-distance migrants cover distances that span from one to several states. There are also long-distance migrants.

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Текст | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| Заголовок | | | | | | | |

11. Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **A–F** частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами **1–7**. Одна из частей в списке **1–7** лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

Going green

Green buildings. Green energy. Green cleaning. Once upon a time, green was just another colour in your crayon box. It was also a word A _____ . In recent years, "green" has become the universal word for all environmentally friendly things.

The happy hum of a washing machine, B _____ are some of the soothing sounds of home. And there are times when these appliances are running all at once at your place. But as C _____ pollution. The more energy your home consumes, the harder power plants have to work, and the more pollution enters the environment.

As a resident of a fragile planet, you do want to do your part to help the environment. So you recycle, you use D _____ and you never let the water run while you're brushing your teeth. But as you do your part to protect the environment, it's important E _____ can also improve your health. For example, reducing carbon dioxide emissions can be achieved in many ways, and can benefit your health. By deciding to use your bike or walk to work, you benefit both F _____. You reduce your fossil fuel consumption and increase leisure-time physical activity and connect with others. So, don't hesitate and go green whenever you can.

1. biking, walking or working from home
2. to keep in mind that living green
3. public transportation whenever you can
4. your health and the local environment
5. the neighbour used to describe your garden
6. your electricity usage goes up, so does the air
7. clothes dryer, dishwasher and refrigerator

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Пропуск | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| Часть предложения | | | | | | |

New Years' time in Russia

To my mind, one of the best times to visit Russia is before New Year's Eve, as it is a big celebration in Russia. During Soviet times, New Year's Eve became a large celebration, complete with a big sit-down dinner. This tradition has continued today. Christmas is also now openly celebrated in Russia, but on a smaller scale.

As New Year's Eve in Russia is more of a family holiday, you may not find the kind of rowdy parties that you see in other countries on New Year's Eve. If you're lucky enough to be invited to someone's home, be sure to bring thoughtful gifts and possibly your own slippers, although most families will have spares. Russian hospitality is quite fantastic if you have friends who will host you. And be prepared to answer a million questions about traditions in your home country!

A common New Year's expression is "The way you spend New Year's Eve is the same way you'll spend the rest of the year". That's why it's so important for the last day of the year to be free from worries and arguments. You should forgive people, pay off your debts, and clean your home in order to start the new year happy and clean. A lot of Russians will also visit a Russian sauna or at least take a hot bath on the 31st of December to purify their bodies. You definitely should not sleep through the New Year, as it is considered a bad omen and will make the upcoming year sleepy and uneventful for you. Many people will also buy new clothes to wear on the New Year's Eve to celebrate a fresh start.

If you're in Moscow, you can head to several look-out points in the city to watch the fireworks. My friend recommended heading to Moscow State University to have the best view over the city, and I don't regret it. Many tourists head towards the Kremlin for **iconic** beautiful views of the fireworks along the river, although you need to get there early and wait in the cold for hours to see the fireworks.

The New Year is a big deal everywhere in Russia. The decorations are lavish, gorgeous, and so rich that at some places they seem over the top. Shops can be so cluttered and even a little kitschy, it makes you feel like a kid in a huge candy store — with gaudy, colourful packaging, and lots of foil and cellophane... everything is in colour and glistening.

And still, all those heavy decorations somehow fit Russia. In territorial terms, Russia is the largest country in the world, and this affects everything in it. The buildings are enormous, as are the boulevards and the squares. And of course, they are all given a festive look before the New Year.

The facades of the enormous apartment buildings are adorned with huge decorations that light up in the dark and remind you of Las Vegas. Christmas trees are everywhere — on every corner, in front of every shop, every square and so on. What's more, in order to make the atmosphere full of charm, gentle classical music pours through the spaces of malls, restaurants and all other public places. I am absolutely sure that when I was in Vienna, I rarely heard classical music as often as I did in Russia in the winter.

And to finish with my advertisement, I should mention that Russians are people with a highly developed culture, especially musically. I was amazed at their good taste for music. It is impressive how many concerts are performed in Moscow and St. Petersburg, the country's two major cities. At the end of the year, the number of these concerts increases and tickets for the Bolshoi Theatre are sold out months in advance.

To sum up, if you want to see Russia all lit up and covered with winter beauty, dress warmly and embark on a trip in December. But don't plan too much for the last week, as it gets very crowded with people doing last-minute preparations.

12. How is New Year in Russia different from other places, according to the text?

1. It is a bigger holiday than Christmas.
2. It is celebrated with close relatives.
3. New Year parties are usually noisier.
4. People go to clubs and restaurants.

13. What does the author NOT advise foreigners to do?

1. Get ready to speak about your culture.
2. Choose presents for hosts carefully.
3. Ask your hosts questions about traditions.
4. Take an extra pair of home shoes.

14. What is the worst thing to do on New Year's eve?

1. Wear old clothes.
2. Watch fireworks.
3. Go to bed early.
4. Borrow money.

15. The word *iconic* in Paragraph 4 ("...for iconic beautiful views of the fireworks...") is closest in meaning to...

1. ...well-known.
2. ...popular.
3. ...memorable.
4. ...marvellous.

16. The author thinks that New Year decorations in Russia are...

1. ...stylish.
2. ...strange.
3. ...suitable.
4. ...cheap.

17. What is implied by the author's comparison of Russia with Vienna?

1. The author prefers European countries.
2. Vienna is better decorated than Russia.
3. There are more Christmas trees in Russia.
4. Russian people love classical music.

18. What is the author's overall impression of Russia on New Year's eve?

1. It is too cold in wintertime.
2. The major cities are nice.
3. It is definitely worth visiting.
4. It is very noisy.

Winston Churchill

Winston Churchill was a great political leader and a very clever man. Many British people think since then there **19** _____ a prime minister better than him. He even **20** _____ the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1953. His **21** _____ work was a six-volume memoir about WW2, but he wrote some science fiction books as well.

19. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово "NOT BE" так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Winston Churchill

Winston Churchill was a great political leader and a very clever man. Many British people think since then there _____ a prime minister better than him.

20. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **WIN** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

He even _____ the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1953.

21. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **FAMOUS** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

His _____ work was a six-volume memoir about WW2, but he wrote some science fiction books as well.

Clouds

Do you like to watch clouds? Many people all over the world enjoy **22** _____ it. There are a lot of different kinds of clouds but they all look white as they reflect the Sun's light — just like the Moon. It is interesting to know that clouds **23** _____ unique to our planet. In fact, any planet with an atmosphere has **24** _____.

22. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **DO** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

Clouds

Do you like to watch clouds? Many people all over the world enjoy _____ it.

23. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **NOT BE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

There are a lot of different kinds of clouds but they all look white as they reflect the Sun's light — just like the Moon. It is interesting to know that clouds _____ unique to our planet.

24. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **THEY** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

In fact, any planet with an atmosphere has _____.

25. Преобразуйте, если это необходимо, слово **LITTLE** так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста.

It takes an hour or _____ to form a cloud. That is why the weather can change so quickly.

Mikhail Vrubel

Mikhail Vrubel is a renowned Russian painter who worked in almost all genres of art, including graphics and sculpture. He was born in Omsk to an ordinary family. In his early **25** _____ Vrubel was very weak because of the harsh Siberian climate. **26** _____, his family moved to warmer regions, where Vrubel quickly got better. Mikhail Vrubel showed his **27** _____ talent at the age of 10. That is why his father hired a private **28** _____ so that he could learn the advanced painting techniques. Still, after finishing school Vrubel decided to study law. While studying at university, Vrubel practised art only through making **29** _____ for books. He didn't finish university and entered the Imperial Academy of Arts and made friends with Serov.

26. *Образуйте от слова CHILD однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Mikhail Vrubel

Mikhail Vrubel is a renowned Russian painter who worked in almost all genres of art, including graphics and sculpture. He was born in Omsk to an ordinary family. In his early _____ Vrubel was very weak because of the harsh Siberian climate.

27. *Образуйте от слова FORTUNATE однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

_____, his family moved to warmer regions, where Vrubel quickly got better.

28. *Образуйте от слова ARTIST однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Mikhail Vrubel showed his _____ talent at the age of 10.

29. *Образуйте от слова TEACH однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

That is why his father hired a private _____ so that he could learn the advanced painting techniques.

30. *Образуйте от слова ILLUSTRATE однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

Still, after finishing school Vrubel decided to study law. While studying at university, Vrubel practised art only through making _____ for books.

31. *Образуйте от слова USUAL однокоренное слово так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста.*

He didn't finish university and entered the Imperial Academy of Arts and made friends with Serov. His most famous works are the _____ pictures *The Swan Princess* and *Demon Downcast*.

Becky

Becky met Professor Alan Dobson at the lecture. His lecture was devoted to the British role after the war. Becky had fallen in love with Alan even before he started to speak. It was love at first **30** _____. He was very handsome with a head of thick grey hair and large blue eyes. His athletic build belied his age, and **31** _____ that he must spend almost as many hours in the gym as in the library.

The second he began to **32** _____, Becky was captivated by Dobson's energy, and within moments he had everyone in the auditorium sitting on the edge of their seats. Students began furiously writing **33** _____ his every word. Speaking without notes, the professor nimbly switched from subject to subject, the role of Downing Street after the war, the dollar as the new world currency, oil becoming the commodity that would dominate the second half of the century and the future role of the British monarchy.

When his lecture came to an end, Becky's only regret was that he'd scarcely **34** _____ on transport, with just a passing mention of how the airplane would change the new world order, both for business and tourism. She wanted him to expand his views on the future of the British shipping industry. But like a seasoned pro, he **35** _____ his audience that he had written a book on the subject. Becky wouldn't be waiting for Christmas to get hold of a copy. It made her think about Ben, and hope his book **36** _____ was going as well in France.

32. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Sight.
2. View.
3. Look.
4. Glimpse.

33. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Offered.
2. Suggested.
3. Assumed.
4. Proposed.

34. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Tell.
2. Speak.
3. Chat.
4. Mention.

35. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Down.
2. After.
3. Over.
4. Into.

36. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Talked.
2. Touched.
3. Dealt.
4. Dwelt.

37. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Remembered.
2. Recollected.
3. Revised.
4. Reminded.

38. Вставьте пропущенное слово.

1. Trip.
2. Travel.
3. Journey.
4. Tour.

39. You have received an email message from your English-speaking pen-friend Oscar:

| |
|--|
| From: Oscar@mail.uk |
| To: Russian_friend@ege.ru |
| Subject: Food |
| <i>...My mom decided that now we have to eat only healthy food, and I totally agree with her! What do you eat for breakfast? What is your favourite food? What do you think about fast food? Yesterday I started reading a book about happiness...</i> |

Write an email to Oscar.

In your message:

- answer his questions;
- ask 3 **questions** about the book.

Write **100–140 words**.

Remember the rules of email writing.

40. 38.1. Imagine that you are doing a project on **why computer games are popular among teenagers in Zetland**. You have found some data on the subject — the results of the opinion polls (see the table below).

Comment on the data in the table and give your opinion on the subject of the project.

| Reasons | Number of respondents (%) |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Looking for entertainment | 46 |
| Making new friends | 21 |
| Improving mental skills | 13 |
| Developing hand-eye coordination | 11 |
| Seeking relaxation | 9 |

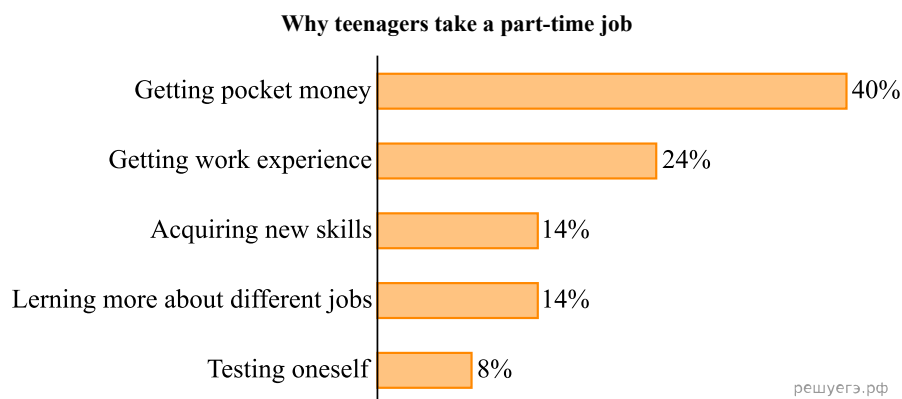
Write **200–250 words**.

Use the following plan:

- make an opening statement on the subject of the project;
- select and report 2–3 facts;
- make 1–2 comparisons where relevant and give your comments;
- outline a problem that one can face playing computer games and suggest a way of solving it;
- conclude by giving and explaining your opinion on the role of computer games in teenagers' life.

38.2. Imagine that you are doing a project on **why teenagers take a part-time job in Zetland**. You have found some data on the subject — the results of the opinion polls (see the diagram below).

Comment on the data in the diagram and give your opinion on the subject of the project.



Write **200–250 words**.

Use the following plan:

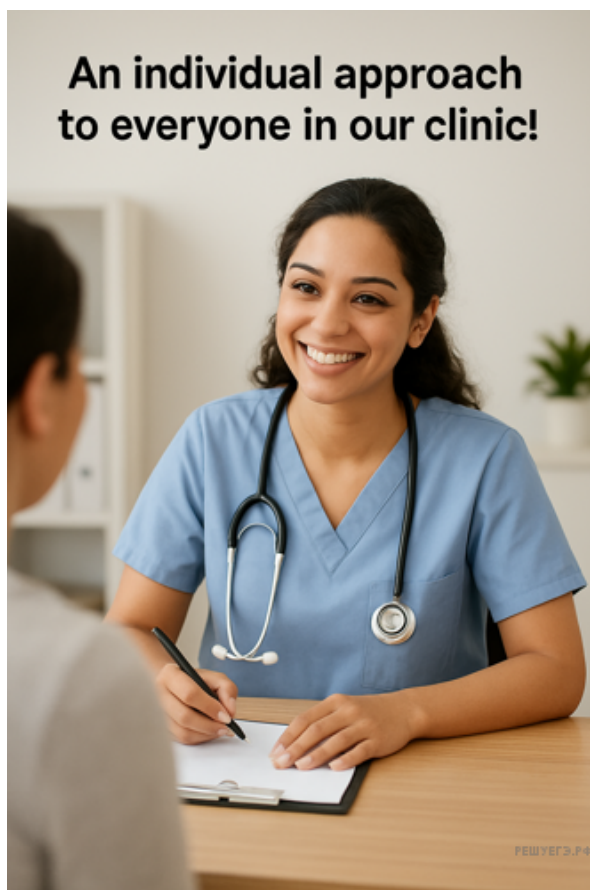
- make an opening statement on the subject of the project;
- select and report 2–3 facts;
- make 1–2 comparisons where relevant and give your comments;
- outline a problem that can arise with a part-time job and suggest a way of solving it;
- conclude by giving and explaining your opinion on the role of a part-time job in teenagers' life.

41. Imagine that you are preparing a project with your friend. You have found some interesting material for the presentation and you want to read this text to your friend. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, then be ready to read it out aloud. You will not have more than 1.5 minutes to read it.

A long time ago men learnt how to make structures with walls and roofs to protect themselves from bad weather and wild animals. These ancient structures were quite primitive and very different from modern buildings. Still, they gave people shelter and comfort which they needed. Now there are many types of buildings in the world. They vary in size, shape and function.

There are several factors which influence the construction of a building. Firstly, builders need to consider which building materials are available or suit better. Secondly, they must know what a building is going to be used for. Moreover, they should think about land prices and climate in the area where they are going to construct a building. It is not a very good idea to build a house with big windows in the north or construct a lot of detached houses in the city centre where land is very expensive.

42. Task 2. Study the advertisement.



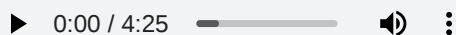
You are considering going to the clinic and now you'd like to get more information. In 1.5 minutes you are to ask four direct questions to find out about the following:

- 1) location;
- 2) public transport;
- 3) types of doctors;
- 4) family discounts.

You have 20 seconds to ask each question.

43. Task 3. You are going to give an interview. You have to answer five questions. Give full answers to the questions (2–3 sentences). Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

Воспользуйтесь плеером, чтобы прослушать запись.



44. Task 4. Imagine that you are doing a project "Preparing for exams" together with your friend. You have found some illustrations and want to share the news. Leave a voice message to your friend. In 2,5 minutes be ready to:

- give a brief description of the photos, justifying the choice of the photos for the project;
- say in what way the pictures are different, justifying the choice of the photos for the project;
- mention the advantages and disadvantages (1–2) of the two types of preparing for exams;
- express your opinion on the subject of the project — whether you prefer preparing for exams alone or in somebody's company and why.

You will speak for not more than 3 minutes (2–3 sentences for every item of the plan, 12–15 sentences total). You have to talk continuously.



Photo 1



Photo 2

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